## DRUG ACTIONABLE BECAUSE OF POTENTIAL DANGER WHEN USED ACCORDING TO DIRECTIONS

4301. Misbranding of vaginal suppositories. U. S. v. 22 Boxes \* \* \*. (F. D. C. No. 36219. Sample No. 45306-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 30, 1953. District of Rhode Island.

Alleged Shipment: On or about July 3, 1953, by the Dr. J. A. McGill Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 22 boxes of vaginal suppositories at Providence, R. I. Each box contained a copy of a leaflet entitled "Dr J. A. McGill Co.'s Suppositories." Examination showed that each suppository weighed approximately 5.47 grams and contained approximately 47 percent ammonium alum and 16 percent borax.

LABEL, IN PART: (Box) "Contents 6 Suppositories \* \* \* Orange Blossom Suppositories \* \* \* Alum-Borax-Petrolatum \* \* \* Dr. J. A. McGill Co. \* \* \* Chicago 16, Ill."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 502 (a), the statement on the box label and in the above-mentioned leaflet, namely, "For Simple Irritations Of The Vaginal Tract," was false and misleading. The statement represented and suggested that the article was an adequate and effective treatment for diseases of the vaginal tract which are manifested by irritation of the vaginal tract, whereas the article was not an adequate and effective treatment for these diseases.

Further misbranding, Section 502 (j), the article was dangerous to health when used in the dosage and with the frequency and duration prescribed, recommended, and suggested in its labeling, namely, "Directions Remove tinfoil at bedtime, insert one suppository in vagina and with your finger push it up as far as you can. Let it remain there undisturbed for three days. Then at night take a douche of warm water, and on the evening of the second day apply again as above making the application every five days excepting at monthly periods, allowing four days for the periods, then apply the suppository every five days."

Disposition: January 25, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

## VIOLATIVE SALES OF PRESCRIPTION DRUGS

4302. Misbranding of secobarbital sodium capsules. U. S. v. Walter M. Risch (Walter's Drug Store). Plea of not guilty. Tried to the court and jury. Verdict of guilty. Defendant fined \$2,500 and placed on probation for 2 years. (F. D. C. No. 35195. Sample Nos. 69251-L, 69262-L, 69272-L, 69276-L, 69282-L, 69291-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: October 27, 1953, District of Colorado, against Walter M. Risch, trading as Walter's Drug Store, Denver, Colo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: On or about November 12 and December 2 and 22, 1952, and January 2 and 16 and February 5, 1953, while a number of secobarbital sodium capsules were being held for sale at the Walter's Drug Store, after shipment in interstate commerce, the defendant caused various quantities of the capsules to be dispensed upon requests for refills of a written prescription therefor without obtaining authorization by the prescriber. Such acts of dispensing were contrary to the provisions of Section 503 (b) (1), and resulted in the dispensed drug being misbranded while held for sale.